



# EVENING BULLETIN.



"HEW TO THE LINE, LET THE CHIPS FALL WHERE THEY MAY."

VOLUME 1.

MAYSVILLE, MONDAY EVENING, JUNE 19, 1882.

NUMBER 179.

## KEY WINDING WATCHES CHANGED TO: STEM WINDERS.

J. BALLENGER at Albert's China Store ad-  
joining Pearce, Wallingford & Co.'s Bank.  
ap14md

## J. C. PECOR & CO., —AGENTS FOR— BUIST'S GardenSeed

A fresh supply just received.  
**NO OLD SEED.**  
All this year's purchase. Call and get a cata-  
logue.

## WALL PAPER —AND— WINDOW SHADES

Every style and pattern, as cheap as the cheap-  
est. Give us a call and examine our stock.  
ap21ly J. C. PECOR & CO.

## F. H. TRAXEL, Baker and Confectioner

**ICE CREAM A SPECIALTY.**  
The only manufacturer of PURE STICK  
CANDY in the city. Orders for weddings and  
parties promptly attended to. my3dly

## F. L. TRAYSER, PIANO MANUFACTURER

Front St., 4 doors west of Hill House  
Grand, Upright and Square Pianos, also the  
best make of Organs at lowest manufacturers'  
prices. Tuning and repairing. nl7

## T. J. CURLEY, Plumber, Gas and Steam Fitter

dealer in Bath Tubs, Hydrant Pumps, Iron  
and Lead Pipe, Globe, Angle and Check Valves,  
Rubber Hose and Sewer Pipe. All work war-  
ranted and done when promised. Second street,  
opposite White & Ort's. ap3

## WILLIAM CAUDLE, Manufacturer and Inventor of TRUSSES.

Made Double or Single for men or boys. Ad-  
dress WILLIAM CAUDLE,  
care T. K. Ball & Son,  
Maysville, Ky. ap14daw

## GARDEN SEEDS.

We have reopened our Seed Store on  
Market Street one door above the Red Corner  
Clothing Store and have on hand an entirely  
new stock of

## DREER'S PHILADELPHIA GARDEN SEEDS.

We have also Seed Potatoes, Onion Sets,  
Greenhouse and Bedding Plants, Fruit and Or-  
namental Trees and Cabbage, Tomato and  
Sweet Potato Plants of all varieties in season.  
Also a full stock of Florists' Goods of all kinds  
at wholesale or retail.

## CUT FLOWERS —AND— Floral Designs,

made to order at short notice.  
124mdaw C. F. DIETZ-RICH & BRO.

## T. LOWRY, —DEALER IN— STAPLE AND FANCY

## CROCKERIES.

Teas, Tobacco, Cigars, Queensware, Wooden-  
ware, Glassware, Notions, &c. Highest prices  
paid for Country Produce. Goods delivered to  
any part of the city.

Cor. Fourth and Plum Streets,  
ap12lyd MAYSVILLE, KY.

## BARGAINS.

### LACE BUNTINGS FOR 10 Cents

worth 20c per yard. Cheap Lawns, India Lin-  
ens and Dotted Swiss. Call and see them.  
ap14lyd H. G. SMOOT.

## LANGDON'S

—CITY BUTTER—

## CRACKERS.

For sale by all grocers. ap213md

### PILES! PILES! PILES!

A Sure Cure Found at Last—No One  
Need Suffer!

A sure cure for blind, bleeding, itching and  
ulcerated piles has been discovered by Dr.  
William (an Indian remedy) called Dr. Wil-  
liams' Indian Ointment. A single box has  
cured the worst chronic cases of twenty-five or  
thirty years standing. No one need suffer five  
minutes after applying this wonderful sooth-  
ing medicine. Lotions, instruments and elec-  
trics do more harm than good. Williams' Ointment  
absorbs the tumors, allays the in-  
tense itching, (particularly at night after get-  
ting warm in bed,) acts as a poultice, gives in-  
stant and painless relief, and is prepared only  
for piles, itching of the private parts, and noth-  
ing else.

Read what the Hon. J. M. Coffinberry, of  
Cleveland, says about Dr. Williams' Pile Oint-  
ment: I have used scores of pile cures, and it  
affords me pleasure to say that I have never  
found anything which gave me such immediate  
and permanent relief as Dr. Williams' In-  
dian Ointment.

For sale by George T. Wood or mailed on re-  
ceipt of price, \$1.

HENRY & CO., Sole Prop'rs,  
62 Vesey Street, N. Y.

### Skin Diseases Cured

BY DR. FRAZIER'S MAGIC OINTMENT. Cure  
as if by magic, pimples, black head or grubs,  
blotches and eruptions on the face, leaving the  
skin clear, healthy and beautiful. Also cures  
itch, barber's itch, salt rheum, tetter, ringworm,  
scald head, chapped hands, sore nipples, sore  
lips, old obstinate ulcers and sores, &c.

### SKIN DISEASE.

F. Drake, Esq., Cleveland, O., suffered beyond  
all description from a skin disease which ap-  
peared on his hands, head and face, and nearly  
destroyed his eyes. The most careful doctoring  
failed to help him, and after all had failed he  
used Dr. Frazier's Magic Ointment and was  
cured by a few applications.

The first and positive cure for skin diseases  
ever discovered.

Sent by mail on receipt of price, fifty cents

HENRY & CO., Sole Prop'rs,  
62 Vesey Street, N. Y.

For blind, bleeding, itching or ulcerated piles.  
Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment is a sure  
cure. Price \$1, by mail. For sale by George T.  
Wood, druggist.

### Dr. Frazier's Root Bitters.

Frazier's Root Bitters are not a dram-shop  
whisky beverage, but are strictly medicinal in  
every sense. They act strongly upon the liver  
and kidneys, keep the bowels open and regular,  
make the weak strong, heal the lungs, build  
up the nerves and cleanse the blood and sys-  
tem of every impurity.

For dizziness, rush of blood to the head  
tending to apoplexy, dyspepsia, fever and  
ague, dropsy, pimples and blotches, scrofulous  
humors and sores, tetter, ring worm, white  
swelling, erysipelas, sore eyes and for young  
men suffering from weakness or debility caused  
from imprudence, and to females in delicate  
health, Frazier's Root Bitters are especially  
recommended.

Dr. Frazier: I have used two bottles of your  
Root Bitters for dyspepsia, dizziness, weakness  
and kidney disease, and they did me more good  
than the doctors and all the medicine I ever  
used. From the first dose I took I began to  
mend, and I am now in perfect health, and  
feel as well as I ever did. I consider your me-  
dicine one of the greatest blessings.

Wm. M. Warrick, Cleveland, O.

Sold by George T. Wood at \$1 per bottle.

HENRY & CO., Sole Prop'rs,  
62 Vesey Street, N. Y.

### London Coffins.

Two or three years ago it was our fate  
to inspect officially certain vaults in an  
ancient church of much historical inter-  
est that was undergoing repairs. The  
object was to ascertain beyond a doubt  
who had been buried in three leaden  
coffins. They were doubtless great per-  
sonages, but there was nothing to tell us  
who they were, and it was expected that  
we might find inscriptions of some kind  
to throw light on the subject. The  
coffins, though they had been originally  
as strong as lead could make them, had  
been entombed from a century to a cen-  
tury and a half. Their condition was  
lamentable. The lead was here and  
there broken into large fissures, through  
the forcible explosion of confined gases,  
and it was not difficult to distinguish the  
contents. All had been embalmed ac-  
cording to the best rules of art. But  
the result showed how miserable had  
been the effort to secure an imitation of  
immortality. The appearance of the  
bodies generally was that of ragged  
skeletons dipped in tar, black, horrible,  
and repulsive; the whole a painful satire  
on the so-called embalming system. One  
of the bodies was that of a nobleman of  
high rank. To think of a man in his  
gorgeous pageants, being condemned  
after death, by the over-kind solicitude  
of relatives, to a fate too revolting for  
description. Had he been a parish pau-  
per he would have been buried in the  
earth, and his body would have long  
since mouldered into dust, while the ex-  
uberant gases would have been harm-  
lessly wafted away in the gentle breezes  
that serve to give life to the vegetable  
world. Being a nobleman, he had been,  
by way of distinction, laid in a leaden  
coffin and placed in a gloomy vault,  
liable to become a piteous spectacle to  
future generations. One of these leaden  
coffins, more rent in pieces than the  
others, contained a form which was  
recognized by a medical gentleman  
present to be the remains of a young  
female, probably a young lady of quality  
in her day, admired for her beauty and  
the splendor of her long yellow tresses.  
What a fate had been hers. On touching  
the head a part of the scalp came off,  
along with a stream of hair that doubt-  
less at one time had been the pride of  
the wearer. Melancholy sight! And  
why had the body of this gentle crea-  
ture with her flowing tresses been con-  
signed to a condition that brought it  
under the gaze of a body of official in-  
vestigators, more than a century after  
dissolution, instead of being decorously  
laid in the dust, there to sink in the un-  
disturbed rest that had been beneficially  
destined by its Creator? Let those who  
maintain the practice of entombing in  
leaden coffins and vaults answer the  
question.—*Chamber's Journal.*

### Two Cabinets.

The following cabinets make a con-  
trast between the two elements or fac-  
tions of the Republican party that will  
be studied with interest by the admirers  
of either faction:

Garfield.	SECRETARY OF STATE.	Arthur.
James G. Blaine.	F. T. Frelinghuysen.	
	SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY.	
William Windom.	Charles J. Folger.	
	SECRETARY OF WAR.	
Robert T. Lincoln.	Robert T. Lincoln.	
	SECRETARY OF THE NAVY.	
William H. Hunt.	William E. Chandler.	
	SECRETARY OF THE INTERIOR.	
Samuel J. Kirkwood.	Henry M. Teller.	
	ATTORNEY GENERAL.	
Wayne MacVeagh.	Benj. Harris Brewster.	
	POSTMASTER GENERAL.	
Thomas L. James.	Timothy O. Howe.	

History tells that George Washington  
never told a lie; so it is very plain that  
George didn't learn to smoke when his  
parents were alive.—*Lowell Ottison.*

### SCIENTIFIC MISCELLANY.

PROFESSOR BLYTH, lecturing at Glas-  
gow, has called attention to the adapta-  
bility of the oxyhydrogen light for gen-  
eral use. The illumination is very bril-  
liant and beautiful, the gases may be  
stored and delivered in the same manner  
as coal-gas, and he believes that the  
system may be made economical by  
using wind or water powder to produce  
the gases.

IN VIEW of the ravages of the phyl-  
loxera, which have so seriously inter-  
fered with vine growing, a French  
agriculturist has sought to discover a  
substitute for the vine, and is said to  
have obtained very good results with a  
variety of red beet. This beet yields a  
wine which is said to be equal to many  
of Southern growth, and the plant has  
the advantage of being adapted to all  
soils and climates.

SEVERAL interesting archaeological  
"finds" in Europe are reported. Near  
Caltanissetta, Sicily, several caverns have  
been found, which are evidently burial  
places dating from the period when the  
ancient Sicilians had already been ousted  
by the Italian tribes, but before the  
Greek colonization had begun. At  
Nordrup, Denmark, the remains of seven  
human bodies have been found under a  
few feet of pumace stone, numerous  
bronze objects, gold rings, Roman  
glasses, mosaics, glass beads, etc., being  
also discovered among the remains.

ASTRONOMICAL knowledge of the re-  
markable ring of small planets traveling  
between the orbit of Mars and Jupiter  
commenced with the first day of the  
present century, when Piazzi discovered  
the first of these objects, which he  
named Ceres. Other discoveries fol-  
lowed at irregular intervals until, in  
1845, the number of these small planets  
—or asteroids, as they are usually  
called—was increased to five. Since that  
year the list has extended very rapidly,  
and 220 have now been discovered. No  
estimate can be found of the total num-  
ber of the asteroids. They are very  
small, and Severrier has computed  
that their combined mass is probably  
less than one-fourth of the earth's mass.  
From the size of Vesta, which is esti-  
mated to be 319 miles in diameter, they  
dwindle to an unknown minuteness.  
Herr Hornstein has communicated to  
the Vienna Academy the result of re-  
cent researches, which appear to prove  
that the number of asteroids, with a  
diameter of over twenty-five miles, is  
very small, and that probably all such  
were discovered before 1859. The num-  
ber with a diameter less than five miles  
seems also to be very small, at least in  
the inner parts of the asteroid zone next  
Mars; in the outer region next Jupiter  
there may be a more considerable num-  
ber of these very small bodies. Most  
asteroids seem to have diameters between  
five and fifteen miles. The average  
number with a diameter of five to ten  
miles, discovered during the last twenty  
years, is about three each year; the  
yearly number of ten to fifteen miles di-  
ameter is about one and three-fifths.  
Herr Hornstein believes, therefore, that  
unless much more powerful telescopes  
are used future discoveries will be chiefly  
confined to those measuring five to fif-  
teen miles in diameter.

ENGLISH tourist: "Fine day, Donald."  
Donald: "Aye, fine day." Tourist:  
"How is it, Donald, that you always  
have your hands in your pockets?"  
"Ye'll pe frae London, I'm thinking?"  
Tourist: "Yes, we're from London."  
Donald: "Weel, the reason why I keep  
my hands in my pockets is that here-  
abouts we haven't learnt ta put our  
hands in ither folks' pockets."